Kristina Eriksson, Teacher in Sign Language and Swedish for the Deaf and hearing at Virginska Skolan

20 years experience of teaching Sign Language

Teaching Interpreters education in Örebro

European Sign Language Centre

SHORT HISTORY OF DEAF EDUCATION IN SWEDEN

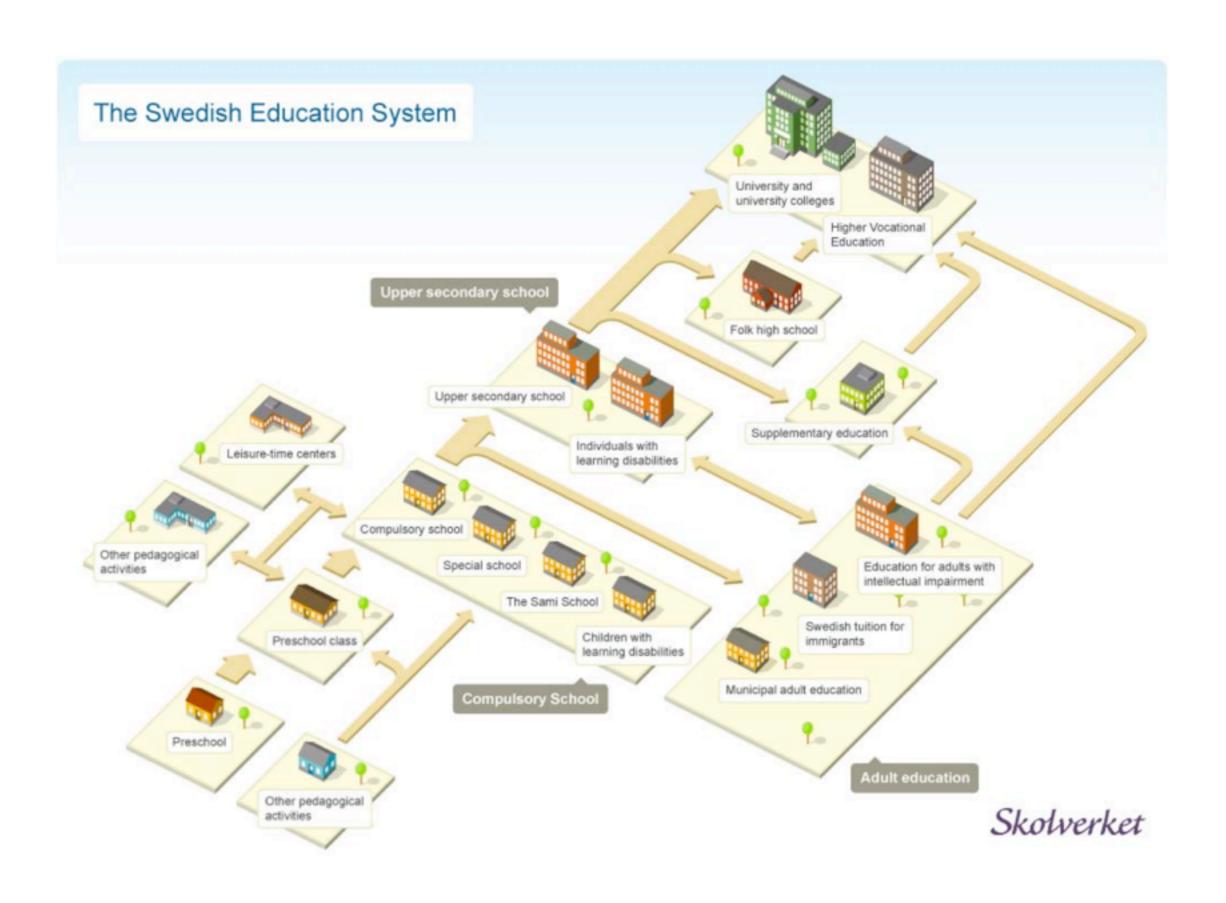
- 1809 Pär-Aron Borg founded Manillaschool in Stockholm
- 1880 the Milano Congress
- 1938 Swedish Government took control over the deaf school.
- Oralism dominated had a peak in the
 50th

- Deaf Association were fighting for the right to have education in sign language.
- 1969 a compromise which was the beginning...
- "Signed Swedish" signing became very popular, but...
- Researching started at Stockholm

- 1981 Government acknowledged Sign Language
- 1991 The worlds first professor in Sign Language, Brita Bergman
- 2009 Language Law

PROBLEMS OCCURRING

- education of teachers and interpreters
- teachers competence or language skills?
- Attitudes



THE GOVERNMENT SPECIAL SCHOOLS

- Five Special schools
- bilangual, using swedish, signs or both
- http://www.spsm.se/
 moviepopup.aspx?url=https://
 vimeo.com/87183825

UPPER SECONDARY SCHOOL FOR DEAF AND HARD OF HEARING

- RGD was established in 1967
- 1984 RGH
- About 450 Students
- About 150 staff
- Attending tuition at 4 of 6 Municipality
 Schools

The only School in Sweden

- Students from whole Sweden
- Home community pays for accommodation
- Swedish Government pays for Tuition and Travels
- Örebro Municipality arrange Dorms and Staff

DEAF STUDENT CURRUCULUM

- Same Curruculum as Hearing, except
 Speech and Listen part
- First year possibility to catch up with Elementary School courses
- 3 years with possibility to add one year
- Vocational practise 3 days/week, teorethical 2 days/week

- Ivan lektion http://youtu.be/D5nyJLiux-Q
- Bilingual https://www.youtube.com/
 watch?v=MwCDiiMKSzo
- Veronica: http://youtu.be/
 demFcSS8kU

HIGHER EDUCATION

- University studies with interpreters
- teachers, dentist, psychologist, actors, headmaster, researchers, chef etc

